

Buying a car



1) You are going to buy a car for £4000. You have saved up a 10% deposit and can pay the rest in 8 monthly deposits. How much is each payment?

2) The car will lose 25% in the first year that you own it. How much will it be worth after a year?

3) The car will lose 20% of this new value (*the answer to Q2*) in the second year. How much will it be worth after the second year?

4) What fraction of its *original* price is the car worth now?

5) There are 4.5 litres in a gallon. A litre of petrol costs 92p. How much does a gallon cost?

6) Diesel costs £4.32 a gallon.

a) What is the difference between the cost of petrol and diesel *per litre*? (Calc)

b) What is the percentage difference? (Calc)



7) You buy a petrol car which does 30 mpg. You drive 75 miles per week.

a) How many gallons a week do you use?

b) How much will this cost per week?

8) Road tax is £175, maintenance £300 and insurance is £850 (all per annum). What are your total weekly outgoings (tax, maintenance, insurance and *petrol*) once you have paid off the loan? Assume that it doesn't break down!



8) Speed = Distance / Time

a) Calculate how fast you need to travel to cover 150 miles in 4 hours.

b) Use the formula to find out how fast you must travel to cover 150 miles in 2 hours and thirty minutes.

c) Calculate how long it would take to drive to London.

Distance = 240 miles. Average speed = 60 mph.

9) a) How many gallons will you use getting to London and back.

b) How much will it cost to get to London and back in your car?

10) Another journey costs £36 in fuel. You drive both ways but a friend only travels one way. How much should each of you pay?

Buying a car - Answers

1) You are going to buy a car for £4000. You have saved up a 10% deposit and can pay the rest in 8 monthly deposits. How much is each payment?

10% of £4 000 = £400. £4 000 - £400 = £3 600. $£3600 \div 8 =$ **£450**

2) The car will lose 25% in the first year that you own it. How much will it be worth after a year? 25% of £4 000 = £1 000. £4 000 - £1 000 = **£3 000**

3) The car will lose 20% of this new value (*the answer to Q2*) in the second year. How much will it be worth after the second year?

20% of £3 000 = £600. £3 000 - £600 = **£2 400**

4) What fraction of its original price is the car worth now?

$2\ 400 / 4\ 000 = 24/40 = 6/10 =$ **$3/5$**

5) There are 4.5 litres in a gallon. A litre of petrol costs 92p. How much does a gallon cost? $92\text{p} \times 4.5 = 414\text{p} =$ **£4.14**

6) Diesel costs £4.32 a gallon. So price per litre = $432\text{p} \div 4.5 = 96\text{p}$

a) What is the difference between the cost of petrol and diesel per litre?

$96\text{p} - 92\text{p} =$ **4p**

b) What is the percentage difference? (Calc)

$4/96 = 0.0416 =$ **4.16%** (rounds to 4%) so petrol is ~ 4% cheaper than diesel

7) You buy a petrol car which does 30mpg. You drive 75 miles per week.

a) How many gallons a week do you use? $75 \div 30 =$ **2.5 gallons per week**

b) How much will this cost per week? $£4.14 \times 2.5 =$ **£10.35**

8) Road tax is £175, maintenance £300 and insurance is £850 (all per annum). What are your total weekly outgoings (tax, maintenance, insurance and *petrol*) once you have paid off the loan? Assume that it doesn't break down!

$175 + 300 + 850 = 1325$. $1325 \div 52 =$ **£25.48 per week.**

$£25.48 + £10.35$ (for petrol) = **£35.83 total cost per week**

8) Speed = Distance / Time

a) Calculate how fast you need to travel to cover 150 miles in 4 hours. $150 \div 4 =$ **37.5 mph**

b) Use the formula to find out how fast you must travel to cover 150 miles in 2 hours and thirty minutes. $150 \div 2.5 =$ **60 mph**

c) Calculate how long it would take to drive to London. Distance = 240 miles. Average speed = 60mph. Time = Distance \ Speed. Time = $240 \div 60 =$ **4 hours**

9a) How many gallons will you use getting to London and back.

Total distance to London and back = $2 \times 240 = 480$ miles. $480 \div 30$ mpg = **16 gallons**

b) How much will it cost to get to London and back in your car?

16 gallons \times $£4.14 =$ **£66.24**

10) Another journey costs £36 in fuel. You drive both ways but a friend only travels one way. How much should each of you pay?

Ratio of your journey distance : your friend's = 2:1 (3 parts altogether).

$£36 \div 3 =$ **£12. So you pay £24 and your friend pays £12.**