		Date	worksh
ер" (skills	he questions on these pages you need: "Five texts about children's screen workshop.org), Text A pages 3-4 OR Guidelines on physical activity, seden under 5 years of age. WHO 2019, pp10-11 https://apps.who.int/iris/har	entary behaviour and s
ex	t A	questions	
۱. P	urı	oose and audience	
) Т	he r	main purpose of the text is to:	
	Α	tell you about recommendations for children's sleep and da	ily activity.
	В	explain the reasons for sedentary behaviour.	
	С	describe the benefits of good sleeping habits in children.	
	D	advise you about children's screen time.	
		(L1.1	2R, L2.14R, 1 mark
) T	he i	ntended audience of the text is:	
	Α	children.	
	В	parents, health professionals and other interested adults.	
		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
	С	functional skills teachers.	
	C D		
	<u> </u>	functional skills teachers. members of WHO (World Health Organisation).	2R, L2.14R, 1 mark)
	D	functional skills teachers. members of WHO (World Health Organisation). (L1.1	2R, L2.14R, 1 mark)
3. S	D	functional skills teachers. members of WHO (World Health Organisation).	2R, L2.14R, 1 mark)
	D	functional skills teachers. members of WHO (World Health Organisation). (L1.1	2R, L2.14R, 1 mark)
	D	functional skills teachers. members of WHO (World Health Organisation). (L1.1) e and tone	2R, L2.14R, 1 mark)
	D Styl	functional skills teachers. members of WHO (World Health Organisation). (L1.1) e and tone word best describes the style of the text?	2R, L2.14R, 1 mark)
	D Styl	functional skills teachers. members of WHO (World Health Organisation). (L1.1) e and tone word best describes the style of the text? stilted	2R, L2.14R, 1 mark)
	D Chick	functional skills teachers. members of WHO (World Health Organisation). (L1.1 e and tone word best describes the style of the text? stilted formal	2R, L2.14R, 1 mark
) W	D C D	functional skills teachers. members of WHO (World Health Organisation). (L1.1) e and tone word best describes the style of the text? stilted formal informal	
) W	D C D	functional skills teachers. members of WHO (World Health Organisation). (L1.1 e and tone word best describes the style of the text? stilted formal informal casual	
) W	D C D Chich	functional skills teachers. members of WHO (World Health Organisation). (L1.1) e and tone word best describes the style of the text? stilted formal informal casual word best describes the writer's tone?	
) W	D C D Chick	functional skills teachers. members of WHO (World Health Organisation). (L1.1) e and tone word best describes the style of the text? stilted formal informal casual word best describes the writer's tone? angry	2R, L2.14R, 1 mark) (L2.19R, 1 mark)

July 2020. Contributed by Maggie Harnew, Abingdon & Witney College. Search for Maggie on www.skillsworkshop.org E3-L2 Functional

	_	o, screen & activit	y time for children Skill
C. D	eta	ailed reading	
1) A	.ccor	ding to the text, which statem	ent is true about the recommendations?
	Α	They are for health professio	nals.
	В	They are for children with me	edical conditions.
	С	They are for all healthy childr	ren aged under five.
	D	They are for everyone in a fa	mily.
			(L1.9R, L2.11R, 1 mark)
2) Li	st th	ree examples (in the text) of a	'restrained' child.
A ch	sild i	n a	
ACI	IIIU I	n a	
or			(L1.9R, L2.11R, 3 marks)
	A B C	Children aged 0-1 year Children aged 1-2 years Children aged 3-4 years	
	D	All of the above	
4) Gi	ive t	wo examples of sedentary scre	(L1.9R, 1 mark) een time.
			(L1.9R, L2.11R, 2 marks)
5) U:	se th	ne information in the text to co	emplete the missing information in the table.
	Ag	e group	Hours of good quality sleep including naps
			14-17
	Ch	ildren aged 4-11 months	
	Ch	ildren aged 1-2 years	
			10-13

(L1.9R, 4 marks)



D. Using reference materials and knowledge of word types

1) Find the meaning of the word sufficien Write the meaning here and the page r			
Page:			
	(E3.11R, L1.13R	, 1 mark)	
2) The word recommend is part of two lo Write these words below by adding suf	nger, closely related words in Text A. fix(es). State if each word is a verb or a	noun.	
a. recommend	V or N?		
b. recommend	V or N?		
	(L1.13R,	4 marks)	

3) Complete the missing information in the glossary. All the words / phrases are in Text A.

Word or phrase	Definition
	Supervised play for infants, where children move on the floor and develop motor skills.
	Period of sleep, usually during the daytime in addition to usual night time sleep.
	Movement of the body that uses energy over and above resting. For young children, this can include walking, crawling, running, jumping, balancing, climbing in, through and over objects, dancing, riding wheeled toys, cycling, jumping rope, etc.
prone position	Child lying on their front. See "tummy time".
	Time when an infant or child is strapped or harnessed in a pram, stroller, high chair, or on an adult's body (front or back) and unable to move freely
	Time spent passively watching screen-based entertainment (TV, computer, mobile devices). Does not include active screen-based games where physical activity or movement is required.
	Time an infant spends lying on their front (in prone position) while awake with unrestricted movement of limbs.
	(12.15P 6 marks

(L2.15R, 6 marks)

Adapted from Glossary of Terms, Guidelines on physical activity, sedentary behaviour and sleep for children under 5 years of age. WHO (2019)

	= -	activity	time for children	Skills worksho			
Ε.	Working out word meanings If you wish, you may use a dictionary or thesaurus for these questions.						
	1 0	ical activity, whi	n time with more moderate- to le <u>preserving</u> sufficient sleep,				
1)	a. Suggest a word to re	eplace the word	d additional in the text	(L1.13R, 1 mark)			
	b. Which word would	best replace th	e word preserving in the text?	?			
	jam making		preventing				
	conserving		decreasing				
			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	(L1.13R, 1 mark)			
2)	As used in the first par	agraph of Text	A, 'guidelines' means:				
	recommendatio	ns.	ruled paper.				
	instructions.		steps.				
Use	(E3.11R, L1.13R, 1 mar F. Sentence structure Use these sentences, adapted from the text, to answer questions 1) and 2). You can use your own words but the meaning must stay the same.						
	A. For children aged 2 y hour; less is better.	ears, sedentary s	screen time should be no more t	han 1			
	of types of physical activ	vities at any inte	l spend at least 180 minutes in a nsity, of which at least 60 minut throughout the day; more is bet	es is			
1)	Re-write A as two separa	ate sentences (use simple, compound or con	nplex sentences).			
			(L1.25W,	L2.28W, 2 marks)			
2)	Re-write B as two or thre	ee separate ser	ntences (simple, compound or	complex).			

(L1.25W, L2.28W, 4 marks)

i. L	Jsing punctuati	on to he	elp understand	ding			
) E	Explain why wake-up	times and	one-year-olds are	spelt	with hyphens.		
					(L1	18R, 1 ma	-k
	or one-year-olds, seconputer games) is n	=		watch	ing TV or video	s, playing	
T	he brackets in the se	entence ab	ove could be replac	ed by	:		
	dashes		quotation marks				
	apostrophes		full stops				
se t	this sentence from th	he text to l	nelp answer questi		one answer. (L1 and 4).	18R, 1 ma	rk
se t	These guidelines are gender, cultural back children of all abilitie condition, however,	for all heal kground or es; caregive	thy children under 5 socio-economic staturs of children with a	ons 3) years us of fa	and 4). of age, irrespective milies and are relity or those with	ve of llevant for a medical	rk
) T	These guidelines are gender, cultural back children of all abilitie	for all heal kground or es; caregive may seek ac ntence. You	thy children under 5 socio-economic statu rs of children with a lditional guidance fro u want to create two	years of fadisabit om a h	and 4). of age, irrespective milies and are related or those with ealth professionater sentences.	ve of llevant for a medical al.	rk
) T	These guidelines are gender, cultural back children of all abilitie condition, however, this is a very long sen	for all heal kground or es; caregive may seek ac ntence. You	thy children under 5 socio-economic statu rs of children with a lditional guidance fro u want to create two	years of fadisabition a h	and 4). of age, irrespective milies and are related or those with ealth professional ter sentences. It is a full state of the sentence of th	ve of llevant for a medical al.	
) 1	These guidelines are gender, cultural back children of all abilitie condition, however, this is a very long sen	for all heal kground or es; caregive may seek ac ntence. You nark in the	thy children under 5 socio-economic statu rs of children with a lditional guidance fro u want to create two sentence could you	years of fadisabiiom a h	and 4). of age, irrespective milies and are related or those with ealth professional ter sentences. It is a full state of the sentence of th	ve of elevant for a medical al. cop?	
) 7	These guidelines are gender, cultural back children of all abilition condition, however, this is a very long sen Which punctuation me	for all heal kground or es; caregive may seek action tence. You hark in the	thy children under 5 socio-economic statu rs of children with a lditional guidance fro u want to create two sentence could you	years as of far disability of short a replacement ting:	and 4). of age, irrespective milies and are related or those with ealth professional ter sentences. It is a full state of the sentence of th	ve of elevant for a medical al.	
) 7	These guidelines are gender, cultural back children of all abilition condition, however, this is a very long sen Which punctuation makes the comma straight af	for all heal kground or es; caregive may seek action tence. You hark in the	thy children under 5 socio-economic staturs of children with a dditional guidance from want to create two sentence could your rd gender is separa	years as of far disability of short a replacement ting:	and 4). of age, irrespective milies and are relative or those with ealth professional ter sentences. In the control of the c	ve of elevant for a medical al.	rk

H. Using images	worksno				
1) What effect does this in	1) What effect does this image have on the reader?				
	(L1.15R – 1 mark)				
2a) What do these images represent?	(L1.15R – 4 marks)				
1	2				
3	3 4				
2b) What is the purpose of the images?					
	(L1.15R, L2.16R - 1 mark)				
I. Organisational and structural fea	itures				
 Images and several other features are used to organisational or textual features that are use and which information they help the reader f 	d. Explain the effect each one has				
(E3.1	2(2), L1.14R(2), L2.16R(2), 6 marks)				

Name _____ Date _____

Sleep, screen & activity time for children _ Date _ J. Spelling and word building 1a) Draw lines to match each prefix to a root word and create a new word. All new words **must** be in text. Use each prefix and root **once**. One has been done for you. prefix root word new word strain(ed) en respective re ir courage(d) ability pre ex serving dis tend(ed) extended (E3.17W, 5 marks) 1b) Can you make other new words (not in the text) using the roots and prefixes above. HINT: you can make at least 2 more words using dis, and one more using re. (E3.17W, 3 marks) 1c) Now write a spelling rule for adding prefixes to a root word. (E3.17W, 1 mark) 2) Plurals Fill in the missing words

Singular	Plural
	children
variety	
	activities
caregiver	

(E2.14W, E3.14W, 4 marks)

Sleep, screen & activity time for children Name _____ Date _____ J. Spelling and word building (continued) 3) Spelling check Do **not** look at the text or any other pages of this resource. Listen to ten words and write them down. Your teacher will say the word and use the word in a sentence or phrase from the text. Your teacher will then say the word again before you write it down. (E2-E3) (E3) (E3) (E3) (E3) 6. _____ (L1-2)(L1-2)8. _____ (L1-2)

(E2.16W, E3.17W, L1.21W, L2.22W, 10 marks)

(L2)

(L2)

9. _____

10._____

Teaching notes

Spelling Words



Teacher to say the word, say the word in the sentence and then say the word again. All words occur in the text. Words 1-5 are Entry Level, the remainder are L1-2. Explicit spelling words are not defined beyond Entry Level 3 in the Functional Skills Content. See Entry Level 'Expectations for both spelling and reading' at: https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/functional-skills-subject-content-english

- 1. **Activity.** Children should meet all the recommendations for physical activity.
- 2. Particularly. Interactive floor-based play is particularly important.
- 3. Additional. Caregivers may need to seek additional guidance.
- 4. **Recommendations**. Children should meet all the recommendations.
- 5. **Guidance**. Caregivers may need to seek additional guidance.
- 6. Sedentary. Sedentary screen time is not recommended.
- 7. Physical. Children should meet all the recommendations for physical activity.
- 8. Vigorous. Moderate to vigorous activity should last for at least 60 minutes
- 9. **Behaviour.** The official holiday lands annually on March 17th.
- 10. **Sufficient.** Preserving sufficient sleep is important.

Background

Sparked after reading various newspaper articles about screen time, this resource is aimed at Level 1-2 learners and beyond (e.g. embedded English for T Levels, GCSE) but includes E3 underpinning tasks.

Answers

There is no answer sheet — one *might* appear later for skillsworkshop contributors — but see below for general marking guidance. If you are stuck you can ask for help using my Twitter tag @skillsworkshop https://twitter.com/skillsworkshop. There is also no detailed mapping page — although, again, mapping might appear later. However, most questions include relevant content descriptors in a grey font, along with suggested marks. E.g. G 1) *L1.18R* = *Level 1 Reading descriptor 18: Use knowledge of punctuation to aid understanding of straightforward texts.* For full details of the Reformed Functional Skills English content, refer to: https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/functional-skills-subject-content-english

Structure and teaching ideas

This resource is not intended to emulate formal L1-2 summative assessment papers as it also includes underpinning spelling and sentence structure tasks. In addition, some questions are deliberately challenging and beyond the Level 2 Functional English curriculum and, unlike formal assessment papers, questions are arranged by topic.

Teachers can pick and choose the topics they want to focus on: the headings help the learners understand which part of the curriculum they are looking at. Learners **do not** necessarily need to work through every page. However, I do recommend that all learners attempt the spelling questions. I also recommend that the teacher thoroughly introduces the task, checking that learners are familiar with WHO and its work before they read the text. For pre-reading activities please refer to page 1 of "Five texts about children's screen time, physical activity & sleep" (www.skillsworkshop.org).

Marking guidance

Marks (in grey) are suggestions only but do give learners an idea of the detail required in answers. Some questions are mapped to more than level – in these cases the number of marks you award may depend on the detail in the answer and the level of the learner.

Maximum possible marks = 75 (46 for reading 46, 29 for writing)

<u>Reading</u> A Purpose and audience – 2. B Style and tone – 2. C Detailed reading – 11. D Using reference materials and knowledge of word types – 11. E Working out word meanings – 3. G Using punctuation to help understanding – 5. H Using Images – 6. I – Organisational and structural features – 6.

Writing F Sentence structure – 6. J Spelling and word building – 23.

Teaching notes



REFORMED FUNCTIONAL SKILLS ENGLISH

Purpose and learning aims of Functional Skills English (all levels and all components) 1

Functional Skills English specifications enable students to develop confidence and fluency in, and a positive attitude towards, English. They should be able to demonstrate their competence by using English in real-world situations as well as demonstrating a sound grasp of basic English knowledge and skills. They need to provide assessment of students' underpinning knowledge (i.e. spelling) as well as their ability to apply this in different contexts. **Entry Levels:** a qualification to demonstrate the ability at an appropriate level to read, write, speak, listen and communicate in English and provide the basis for further study at Levels 1 and 2. Students should, with some direction and guidance, be able to apply these (Entry Level) English functional skills to informal and some formal

Levels 1 and 2: a qualification for work, study and life. Achievement of the qualification demonstrates the ability at an appropriate level to read, write, speak, listen and communicate in English, and apply these skills effectively to a range of purposes in the workplace and other real-life situations. Students should be able to communicate with confidence, effectiveness and an increasing level of independence, in a range of formal and informal contexts.

Functional English – Speaking, Listening and Communicating (SL&C)

'Speaking, listening and communicating' within Functional Skills English qualifications is non-written communication, normally conducted face-to-face, and can also include 'virtual' communication methods such as telephone or spoken web-based technologies. The terms 'speaking, listening and communicating' are intended to be interpreted in a broad, inclusive way and are not intended to create any unnecessary barriers to students with speech or hearing impairment.

Learning aims for speaking, listening and communicating

E1, 2 & 3 Listen, understand and respond to verbal communication in a range of familiar contexts. Acquire an understanding of everyday words and their uses and effects, and apply this understanding in different contexts. **L1-2** Listen, understand and make relevant contributions to discussions with others in a range of contexts. Apply their understanding of language to adapt delivery and content to suit audience and purpose.

Functional English - Reading

contexts, in familiar situations.

'Reading' within Functional Skills English qualifications is defined as the independent understanding of written language in specific contexts. Can be demonstrated through the use of texts on screen or on paper.

Learning aims for reading

E1, 2 & 3. Acquire an understanding of everyday words and their uses and effects, and apply this understanding in different contexts. Read with accuracy straightforward texts encountered in everyday life and work, and develop confidence to read more widely. **L1-2** Read a range of different text types confidently and fluently, applying their knowledge and understanding of texts to their own writing.

Functional English - Writing

'Writing' within Functional English qualifications is defined as the independent construction of written language to communicate in specific contexts. Text can be written on paper or electronically.

Learning aims for writing

E1,2 & 3. Write straightforward texts and documents with clarity and effectiveness, and demonstrate a sound grasp of spelling, punctuation and grammar. **L1-2** (i) Write texts of varying complexity, with accuracy, effectiveness, and correct spelling, punctuation and grammar (ii) Understand the situations when, and audiences for which, planning, drafting and using formal language are important, and when they are less important.

Further pages of this resource (answer sheet and detailed curriculum mapping including E3 spellings) will be available at a later date if you are a skillsworkshop contributor. If you are a contributor, or would like to become one, please contact Maggie using the site contact link.

Thank you for your support of www.skillsworkshop.org (3).

¹ Subject content functional skills: English. DfE (Feb 2018) https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/functional-skills-subject-content-english